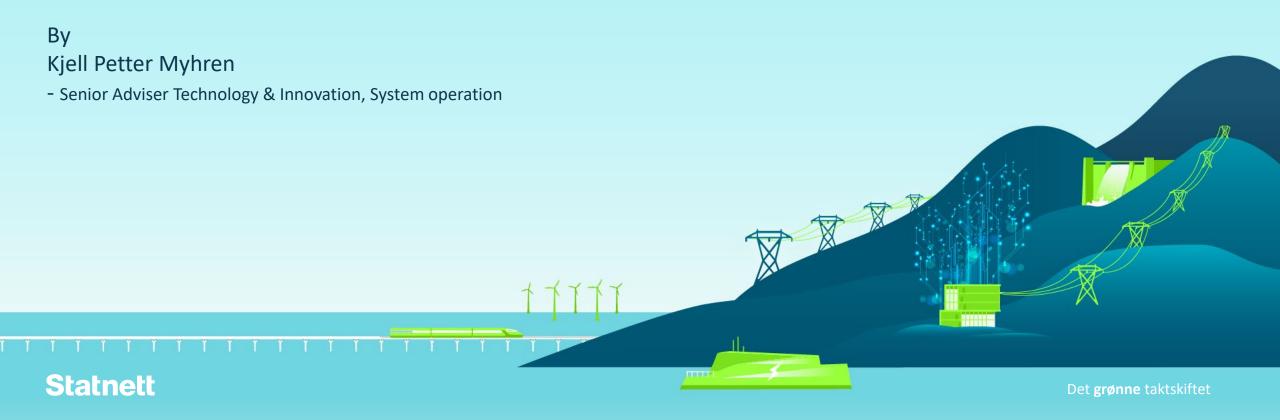
System Protection Scheme (SPS) Installations in Norway



Use of SPS

Automatically surveillance of grid and market.

More distributed production with wind, solar, new use of hydro power. Integrated with flexible solutions on the consumer side



How can SPS contribute to:

- More integrated solutions in energy production?
- Safe operation in power systems with small amount of inertia and more converter based production ?
- New markets and products on producer and consumer side?
- Integrated solutions in Nordic and European activations platforms for reserve power ?
- Use of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning to be used to for optimize algorithm for setting of SPSs ?

Integrated European and Nordic solutions for grid monitoring and activation of electric energy reserves

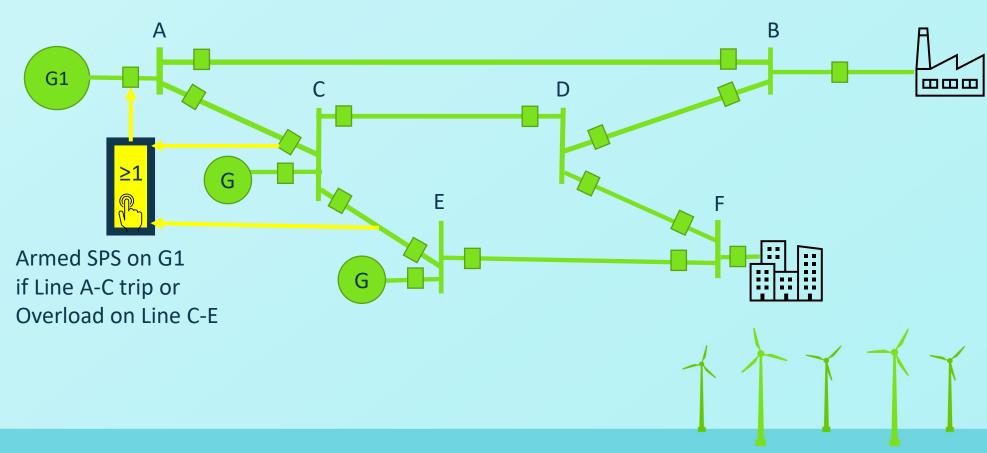




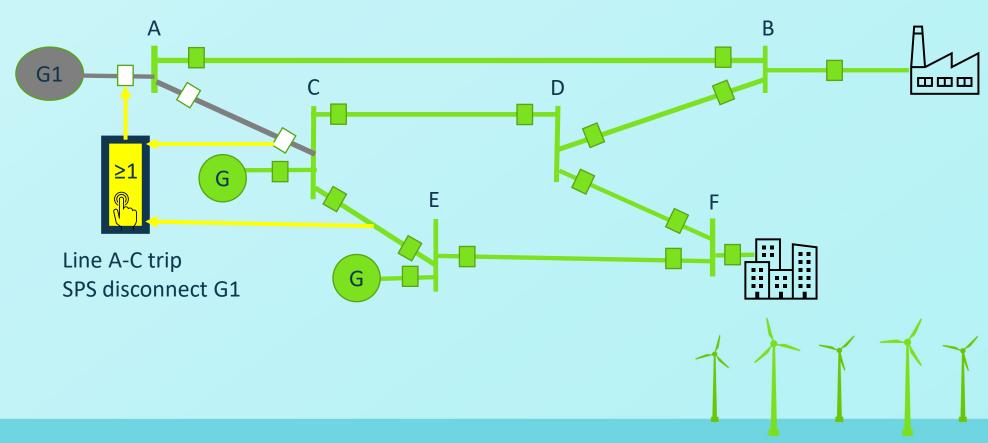


System protection schemes (SPS)
Gives grid operation possibility to stay inside
N-1 criteria within acceptable risks

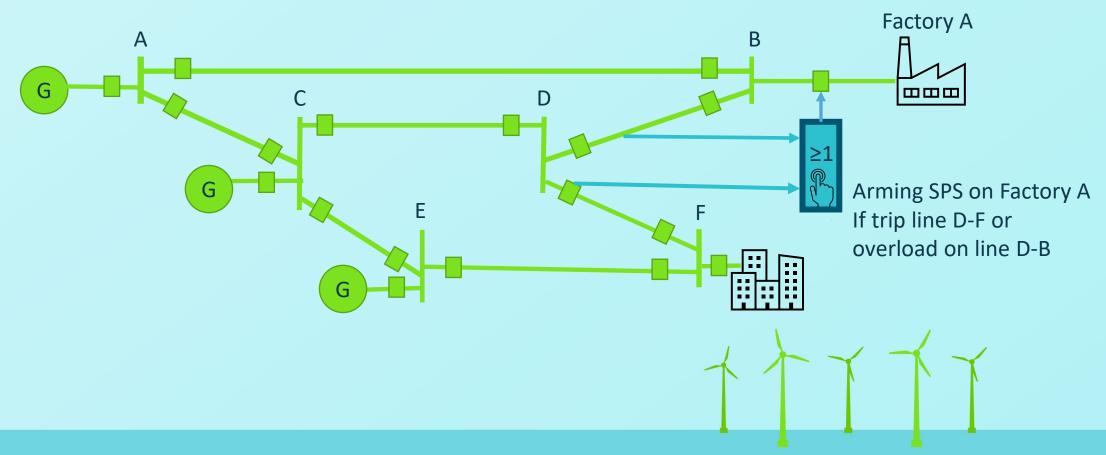
Event-based protection solutions
Disconnection of production (PFK)



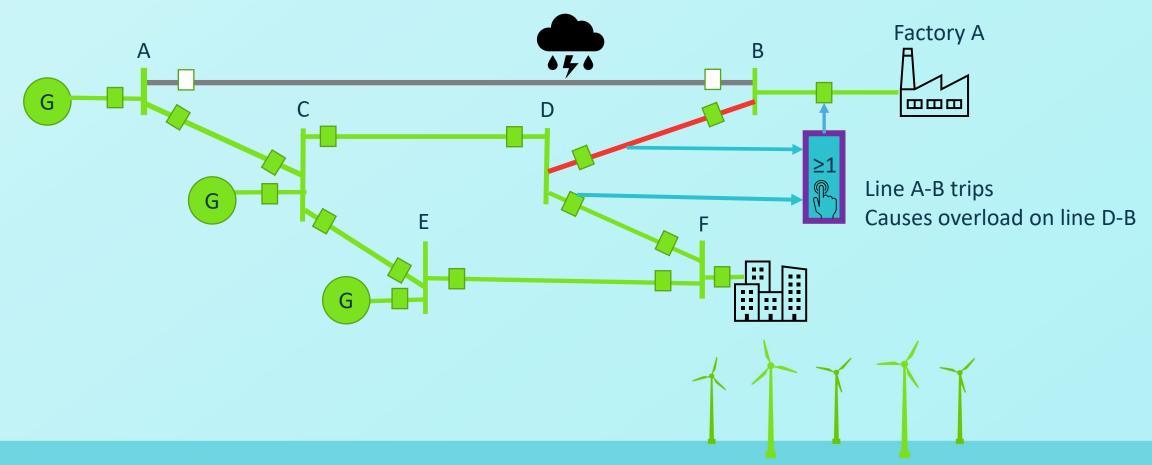
Event-based protection solutions
Disconnection of production (PFK)



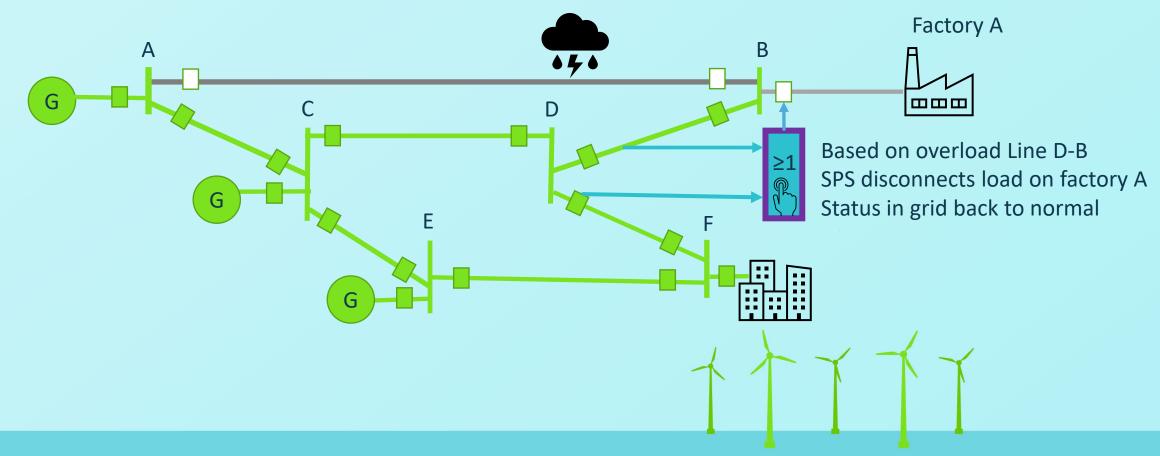
Event-based protection solutions Disconnection of load (BFK)



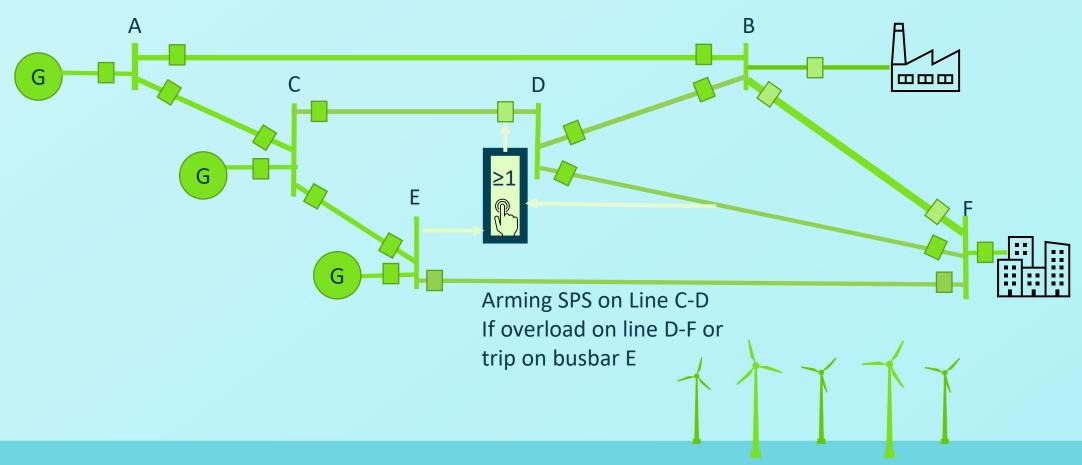
Event-based protection solutions Disconnection of load (BFK)



Event-based protection solutions Disconnection of load (BFK)

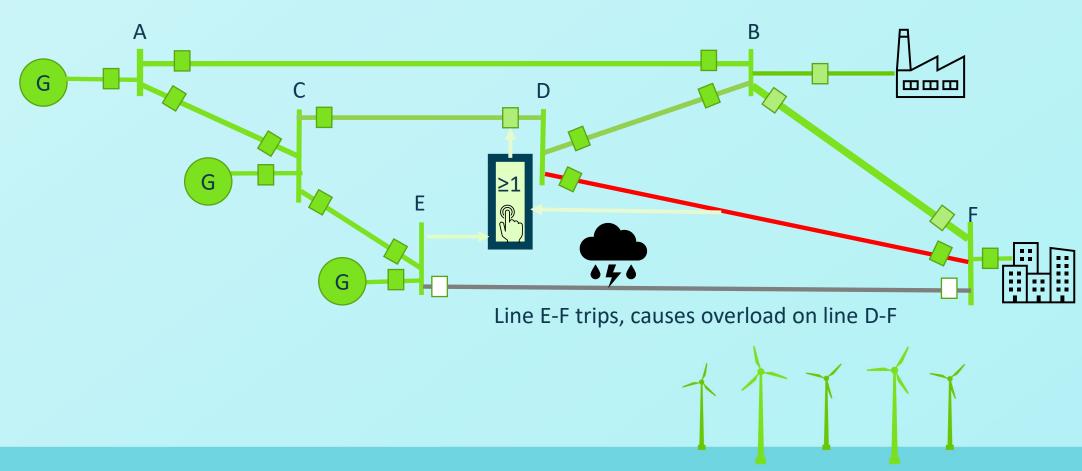


Event-based protection solutions Change topology (Nettsplitt)



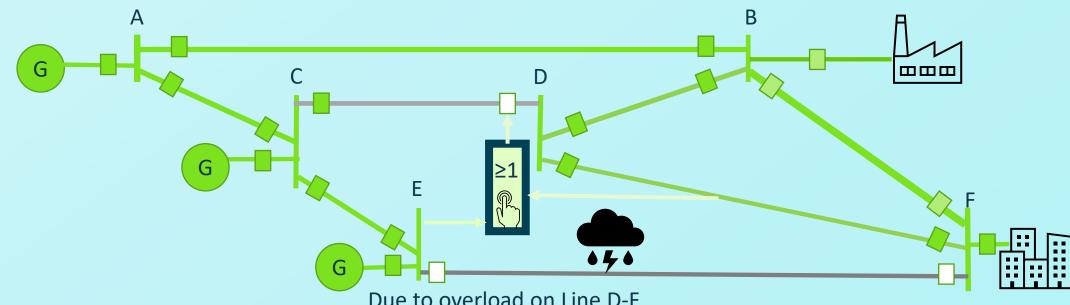
Event-based protection solutions

Disconnection of load (BFK) and change topology (Nettsplitt)



Event-based protection solutions

Disconnection of load (BFK) and change topology (Nettsplitt)



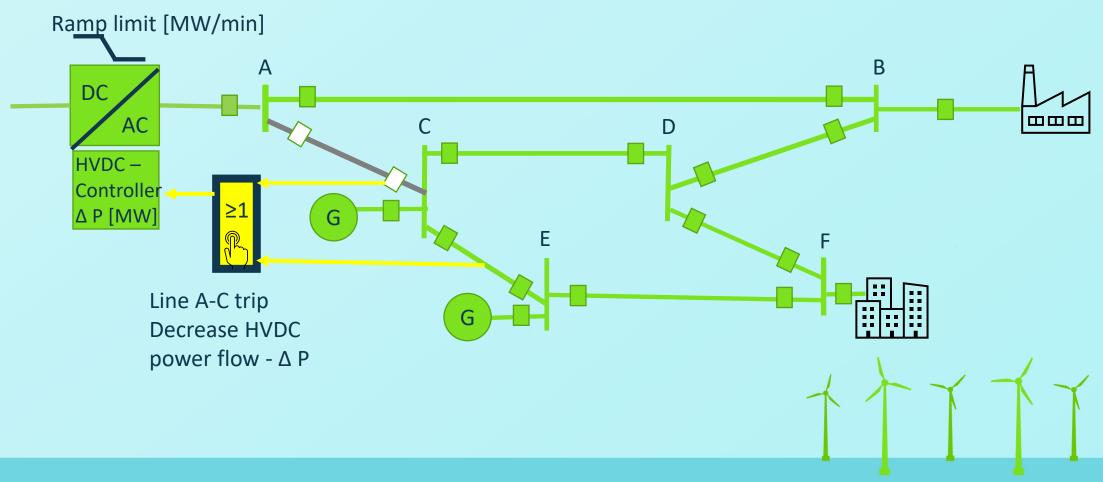
Due to overload on Line D-F

SPS disconnects Line C-D

The powerflow changes, due to change in topology. More powerflow on line B-F

Situation in the grid goes back to normal

Event-based protection solutions Reduction in HVDC Power flow $-\Delta$ P





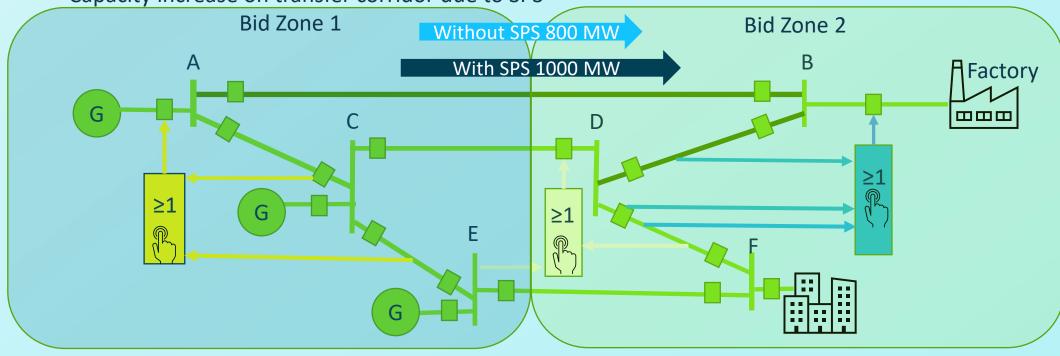
More than 350 SPS functions in the Norwegian power system.

All settings are performed manually by operators

Approximately 2000 change of settings pr year

Without a good overview and correct settings, it could risk making unwanted interventions, with major consequences

Capacity increase on transfer corridor due to SPS



Cut:

25% line A-B + <u>line B-D</u>

Contribution from SPS:

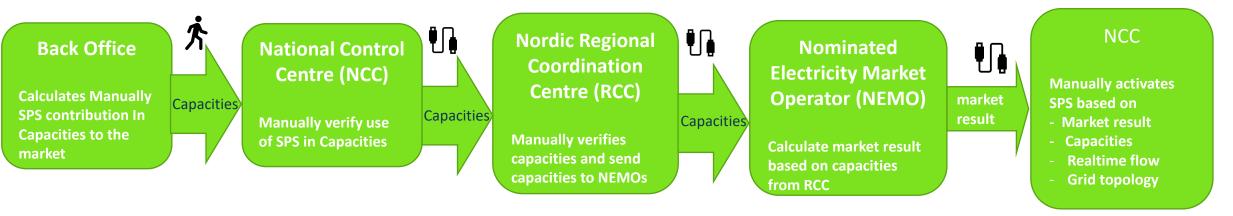
I> line B-D 50% Factory (400MW) **Capacity Without SPS:**

(limit on B-D) 800 MW **Capacity With SPS:**

limit on B-D [800 MW] + SPS contribution [200 MW] 1000MW



Steps in present use of SPS in market capacity (Today preformed in manually steps)



Steps in future use of SPS in market capacity and automatically activation of reserve power in operations.

- Future automation of system operation require automatic method for setting of SPS

